DIESEL EMPIRES

Core Rules v29.4.1 | By Jefferson Lee | UpTooLateGames.com

Creating Characters

Each player will need a *playbook* for the game (which can be found at **UpTooLateGames.com**). From the playbook, each player will:

- Pick a species for their character.
- Pick one Path for their character. Each Core Trait starts at rank one (1).
- Pick one Background from their Path. Each of Background Traits will begin with a rank of two (2), and the character also gains the *extra assets* of the Background.
- Some Traits have <u>underlined</u> keywords which have special meaning.

Each player then has an additional *three* (3) points to spend on their character:

- One (1) point will give a character a new Background, with the new Traits starting at one (1). The character also gains the *extra assets* of the Background. Players can only pick *Backgrounds* from their character's Path, and they *cannot* pick *new* Paths.
- One (1) point will increase a Trait's rank by one (1), but players can only increase Core Traits or Traits from your character's *starting* or *purchased* Backgrounds.

Playing the Game

The Deck

The game requires a standard Poker deck with both Jokers.

Everyone except for the GM gets five (5) cards at the start of the game. The GM never draws a hand and players can never have more than five (5) cards in their hand.

The base value of the cards is zero (0) for *Pip cards* (the cards numbered 2 through 10), one (1) for *Royal cards* (Queens, Kings, Jacks), *two* (2) for *Aces*, and *three* (3) for *Jokers*.

Whenever the deck runs out of cards, immediately reshuffle the discard pile and create a new deck.

Strain Cards

Strain cards represent the *physical* or *mental* fatigue of a character and are dealt to the player face down and stay with the character until their next *Check* or when the character rests.

Checks

The GM can call for a *Check* anytime the *outcome* of a character's action will have a *meaningful* impact on the story.

Pick the Suit

The GM picks the suit of the Check based on the character's approach to an action, which also has an effect on the outcome.

Suit	Approach
◆ Club	Grit (Gr). Forceful, daring, determined.
♦ Diamond	Sharp (Sh). Precise, logical, knowledgeable.
♥ Heart	Wits (Wt). Intuitive, careful, clever.
▲ Spade	Quick (Qk). Fast, agile, instinctive.

Add one (+1) to the base value of all cards (except Jokers) that match the suit of the Check, including Strain and Opposing Cards, so in a Grit Check all Club Pip cards would be worth one (1).

The player can always ask for a different suit, but that might increase the difficulty of the Check or change its outcome. A precise Check can be forced instead, but that will change the outcome.

Opposing Cards

Before the character's cards are played, all of their Strain cards become Opposing cards. The GM then deals one (1) additional Opposing card for each difficulty that has a meaningful impact on the Check, so a driving Check in poor weather and on bad roads would add two (2) Opposing cards. It is possible for a Check to have zero (0) Opposing cards.

Opposing cards stay face down until the outcome is revealed.

Character Cards

If the character has a *Trait* that is relevant to the Check, the player draws and plays one (1) card from the deck for each rank in the Trait, so a rank two (2) Trait means that a player draws two (2) cards for their character.

Some **Traits can only be used in Checks involving** *specific* **approaches**, listed in parenthesis, so a Trait with "(*Gt*, *Wt*)" can only be used in Checks involving *Grit* or *Wits*.

The player can play any card from their hand for their character, even if no Traits are being used.

The player can also *discard* cards from their hand. *Each* discard allows the player to *immediately* draw and play one (1) card from the deck, so *three* (3) discards gives the player *three* (3) draws.

Players can play or discard cards one at a time until they stop or run out of cards.

The Outcome

Once the player has *finished* playing their cards, **reveal all of the Opposing Cards** and *subtract* the total value of the Opposing Cards from the total value of the character's cards. Remember: the *suit* bonus applies to *all* cards, *including* Opposing cards. The *final total* determines the *outcome*:

Total	Outcome	
3+	Superb	Success with an immediate advantage.
2	Success	Success without any complications.
1	Messy	Success, but the character gains one (1) Strain.
0	Failure	Failure, and the character gains one (1) Strain.
-1	Bad	Failure and one (1) Wound is inflicted.
-2 (or less)	Dismal	Failure and two (2) Wounds are inflicted.

The GM narrates the outcome, and *all* of the cards played for the Check (including *Opposing cards*) are *discarded*.

If the player has zero (0) cards left in their hand, they may draw one (1) card for their hand.

On *any* outcome, the character *gains one* (1) *additional* Strain if they have any Wounds (new *or* old) at the end of the Check.

Wounds

Wounds represent the *lasting physical* (injuries, poison, disease) *or mental* (panic, anxiety, psychosis) *trauma* inflicted on a character.

Once a character has three (3) or more Wounds, they are in Shock. While in Shock, characters can still act, but all of their Traits are reduced to rank zero (0). The character's Traits can still be used for their <u>keywords</u>, so a character in Shock can still cast magic using their rank zero (0) magic Traits.

At *five* (5) Wounds the character sustains a *permanent injury*. If the character suffers more than five (5) Wounds, they *cannot be saved* and they exit the story *at the end of the game*.

Rest and Healing

Rest restores cards and Strain depending on the type of rest:

Rest		Hand Size	Strain Left
Half	Enough safety to eat a quick meal or take a similar level of rest.	Three (3)	One (1)
Full	The minimum needed to rest, but enough of a delay to cause	<i>Five</i> (5)	Zero (0)
	problems (risks grow, enemies fortify, damage is being done).		

Rest recovers cards back to a set *hand size*, so if a player has *one* (1) card in their hand, a *Half* Rest would bring them back to *three* (3) cards.

Rest also removes Strain to a set amount, so if a character takes a *Half Rest*, their Strain would be reduced to *one* (1) card.

Cards and Strain can be recovered in other ways, like *stimulants*, *magic*, or *achieving milestones*, but it is **up to the GM to decide** *what* **is recovered** and if there are any *side-effects*.

Healing Wounds

If a character is not in Shock, a Full Rest will heal one (1) Wound.

If a character *is* in Shock, healing *one* (1) *Wound* requires a *successful* Check to *apply medical aid*, or a *successful* <u>Grit</u> Check to heal *naturally*. *Either* Check must be made *after* a *Full Rest*.

A character is no longer in Shock once they are down to only two (2) Wounds.

Combat Checks

Combat Checks are resolved normally, but the approaches are slightly different:

Suit	Approach
♦ Club	Grit (Gr). Dirty, messy, and desperate.
♦ Diamond	Sharp (Sh). Strategic, cunning, and precise.
♥ Heart	Wits (Wt). Defensive, alert, and cautious.
♠ Spade	Quick (Qk). Aggressive, direct, and lethal.

The GM will let you know if a combat Check is required, and only Traits with the <u>combat</u> keyword can be used in a combat Check.

Magic Checks

Magic Checks are resolved normally, but the approaches have a different meanings in magic:

Suit	Approach
♦ Club	Grit (Gr). Sacrifice, endurance, and willpower.
♦ Diamond	Sharp (Sh). Preparation, practice, and precision
♥ Heart	Wits (Wt). Focus, clarity, and calm.
▲ Spade	Quick (Qk). Fast, messy, and instinctive.

Characters can only use magic if their Trait has one of these *magic keywords*, which indicate the specific method a Trait can be used to channel magic:

• <u>Ritual</u> magic requires a prepared body, like a ritual circle or consecrated sacrifice. It is the oldest form of spell casting, and it is safer since the body can be purposefully built to endure channeling, though run-away effects can still be dangerous.

- <u>Evocation</u> channels magic through the *caster's body*. This poses *extreme* risks for the spell caster because they have to split their focus between an intricate channeling rite, and the **physical labor** of *containing* magic. This allows a caster to shape effects by simply *focusing* and *speaking* a rite, but it always causes one (1) *extra* Strain after the Check (even if they *succeed*). The *recited* component allows <u>evocation</u> rites to be cast as a <u>ritual</u> instead (which does *not* cause Strain).
- <u>Psychic</u> evocation is the same as regular <u>evocation</u>, but without a spoken component, and it causes one (1) extra Strain after the Check (even if they succeed). However, since psychics rely entirely on instinct and intuition, psychics cannot inscribe their rites as a ritual.

Weapon Strength (ST)

If a character is hit by a weapon, the Strength (ST) of a weapon is subtracted from the Check's outcome, so if a character's Check is zero (0) and they are hit with a 3 ST weapon, the character's final outcome is a minus three (-3).

If a character *hits* something with a weapon, the ST is *added* to the Check's outcome, so if a character's Check is *one* (1) and they *hit* with an 3 ST weapon, the character's final outcome is *four* (4).

Armor Rating (AR)

Armor Rating (AR) reduces the ST of a weapon to a minimum of zero (0), so 3 AR will reduce a 2 ST weapon to 0 ST.

The number of "+" after the ST of some weapons is the amount to reduce AR, to a minimum of zero (0), before it affects ST, so a 2+ ST weapon versus 2 AR, would result in a 1 ST hit, and a 1++ ST weapon versus 2 AR would also result in a 1 ST hit.